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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/912,494	07/24/2001	Thoedore M. Wong	SP-1093.2	7897
75	590 01/27/2003			
Richard B. Taylor Protein Technologies International, Inc. P.O. Box 88940			EXAMINER	
			WARE, DEBORAH K	
St. Louis, MO 63188			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1651	14
			DATE MAILED: 01/27/2003	, ,

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Application No.

Applicant(s)

09/912,4**9**4

Wong

Office Action Summary Examiner

Deborah Ware

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The MAILING DATE of this communication appears of	on the cover sheet with the correspondence address			
Period for Reply				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE MONTH(S) FROM				
THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 (a). In r	no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the			
mailing date of this communication. If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the	e statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.			
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply a	nd will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.			
Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the Amy reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the state	• •			
earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on Nov 1, 20	02			
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This acti	on is non-final.			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance e closed in accordance with the practice under Ex par				
Disposition of Claims				
4) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-78</u>	is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above, claim(s) 38-78	is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
5) Claim(s)	is/are allowed.			
6) 💢 Claim(s) <u>1-36</u>	is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s)				
8) Claims	are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.			
Application Papers				
9) \square The specification is objected to by the Examiner.				
10) \square The drawing(s) filed on is/are	a) \square accepted or b) \square objected to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the di	rawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) \square approved b) \square disapproved by the Examiner.			
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.				
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
13) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).				
a) All b) Some* c) None of:				
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.				
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No				
application from the International Burea				
*See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the				
14) Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic				
a) U The translation of the foreign language provisional				
15) 🗓 Acknowledgement is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4)			
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)			
3) X Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s).	6) Other:			
As	-, <u>-</u>			

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Claims 1-78 are pending.

The IDS and Preliminary Amendment filed July 24, 2001, have been received and entered. Claims 103-110 were not entered because they are considered to be out of numerical sequence for the instant case because the case was filed with original claims 1-78. No claims have been canceled. The amendment of September 25, 2001, has not been entered for reasons noted above. It is suggested that Applicants present properly numbered corresponding claims which they want to add to the instant case which occur after claim 78 with the next highest numbered claim which would be claim 79, etc. If Applicants need further assistance with this matter please phone the examiner to resolve this issue, note the phone number at the end of the office action.

acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that Applicants believe additional claims are in this case, however, for the reasons set forth above this is not correct. Therefore, the traversal of the restriction requirement is not found persuasive. The restriction may be reconsidered and is not being made final at this time. Claims 37-78 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b), as being drawn to a nonelected invention(s), there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Applicant timely traversed the restriction (election) requirement in Paper No. 13.

Applicant's election with traverse of Group I, claims 1-36 in Paper No. 13 is

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2. The instant case is a CIP of 08/996,976 which is now abandoned and Applicants are requested to update the status of this parent file at page 1, line 1, of the instantly filed case.

3. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321 may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

4. Claims 1-36 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1 and 3-36 of copending Application No. 09/912,471. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not

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patentably distinct from each other because the claims only differ with respect to the scope of their claimed subject matter.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting \mathcal{D} claims have not in fact been patented.

The instant claims are drawn to a method for producing a soy protein material.

The copending claims are drawn to a method for producing a pure soy protein material. Both sets of claims require the same process steps: forming a slurry, treating the slurry and washing the treated slurry. Furthermore, a soy protein is encompassed by a vegetable protein material. Thus, the claims of the instant case would have been made obvious by the claims of the copending case and thus, one of skill would have been motivated to select for soy in the method of the copending claims. Any variations in the process steps for obtaining purity of the protein material by weight is clearly an obvious modification. The claims are prima facie obvious over the copending claims.

5. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior

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art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103© and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

7. Claims 1-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over EP 0 380 343, cited on the enclosed PTO-1449 Form.

Claims are drawn to a method for producing a soy protein material comprising forming a slurry, treating the slurry with preparation containing acid phosphatase and washing the soy protein.

EP Patent teaches a method for producing a soy protein material comprising forming a slurry, treating the slurry with preparation containing acid phosphatase and washing the soy protein. Note the abstract, page 2, lines 1-5, page 4, lines 1-32, page 6, lines 15-30, and pages 7-9, all lines.

The claims appear to be identical to the disclosure of the EP Patent and are therefore, considered to be anticipated by the teachings of the cited reference. However, in the alternative

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that there is some difference between the claims and the cited reference then such difference is considered to be so slight as to render the claims prima facie obvious over the cited reference.

All claims fail to be patentably distinguishable over the state of the art discussed above and cited on the enclosed PTO-892 and/or PTO-1449. Therefore, the claims are properly rejected.

The remaining references listed on the enclosed PTO-892 and/or PTO-1449 are cited to further show the state of the art.

No claims are allowed.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Deborah K. Ware whose telephone number is (703) 308-4245. The examiner can normally be reached on Mondays to Fridays from 9:30AM to 6:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mike Wityshyn, can be reached on (703) 308-4743. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 305-3592.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

PATENT EXAMINER
Deborah K. Ware

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January 24, 2003